Conforms: GHS (rev 4) (2011)

(This Safety Data Sheet conforms to the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200(g)), revised in 2012.) - United States

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 05/24/2019
Date of previous issue : 00/00/0000

Version : 1.0



SAFETY DATA SHEET

YaraVita BIOTRAC

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : YaraVita BIOTRAC
Product type : liquid (liquid)
Product code : PYP11M

Uses

Area of application : Professional applications

Material uses : Fertilizers.

Supplier

Supplier's details : Yara North America, Inc.

<u>Address</u>

Street: 100 North Tampa Street, Suite 3200

Postal code : 33602 City : TAMPA Country : United States

Telephone number:+1 813 222 5700Fax no.:+1 813 875 5735e-mail address of person:yna-hesq@yara.com

responsible for this SDS

Emergency telephone number : US: Chemtrec 24-hours Emergency Response: 1-800-424-

(with hours of operation) 93

Canada: 24 Hour Emergency Service, Canutec 613-996-6666

National advisory body/Poison Center

Name : The National Poisons Emergency number

Telephone number : 1 800 222 1222

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

substance or mixture. AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 Collect spillage.

P305 IF IN EYES:

P351 Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes.

P338 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

None.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)	7446-19-7	>= 3- <5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Remark: The product contains Boron in the form of boric acid,

compound with 2-aminoethanol, which is not classified as

toxic to reproduction under CLP/GHS.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15

minutes, keeping eyelids open. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Avoid inhalation of vapor, spray or mist. If inhaled, remove to

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:2/16

fresh air. Get medical attention immediately. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

develops.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed

and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of

water to drink.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Vapor may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health

hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to

be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly

with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None identified.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:3/16

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: nitrogen oxides

ammonia

Avoid breathing dusts, vapors or fumes from burning materials.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark : Non-flammable. Remark : Non-explosive.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:4/16

e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Not for human or animal consumption.

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)	None.

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:5/16

Environmental exposure controls

contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: A washing facility or water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. **Recommended**: Tightly-fitting goggles,

Skin protection

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm. It should be emphasized that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.
 - > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Protective gloves should be worn under normal conditions of use.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment

(Pictograms)





Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid [liquid]
Color : Green.,

Odor : Mild. Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not determined.

pH : 7 [Conc.: 100 g/l] @ 20 °C (68 °F)

Melting/freezing point : $< 0 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (< 32 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:6/16

Boiling/condensation point 100 °C

(212 °F)

Sublimation temperature

Not determined. Flash point Not determined. Fire point Not determined. **Evaporation rate** Not determined. Flammability (solid, gas) Non-flammable.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits Vapor pressure **Bulk density**

Lower: Not determined. **Upper:** Not determined.

Not determined. Not applicable.

1.17 g/cm3 **Density**

Relative density Not applicable.

Solubility Not applicable.

Solubility in water Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Miscibility with water Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Miscible in water. Not determined.

Not determined. **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not determined.

Dynamic: < 100 mPa.s

Kinematic: Not determined

Explosive properties Non-explosive.

Oxidizing properties None

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No specific test data related to reactivity available for this

product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid contamination by any source including metals, dust and

organic materials.

Incompatible materials Urea reacts with calcium hypochlorite or sodium hypochlorite

to form the explosive nitrogen trichloride.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Date of issue: 05/24/2019 Page:7/16

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredie nt name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure	References
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)					
	OECD 401	Rat	926 mg/kg	Not	ECHA
	LD50 Oral			applicable.	

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient	Method	Species	Result	Exposure	References
name					
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)					
	Eyes	Rabbit	Severe irritant		IUCLID 5

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:8/16

Aspiration hazard

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Vapor may be irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Effects on or via lactation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:9/16

YaraVita BIOTRAC

Inhalation No specific data.

Skin contact No specific data.

Ingestion May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	29,192.9 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingred	Method	Species	Result	Exposure	References
ient name					
Sulfuric acid, zind	salt (1:1)				
	Acute LC50	Fish	0.1 - 1 mg/l	96 h	ECHA
	Fresh water				
	Acute EC50	Daphnia	0.1 - 1 mg/l	48 h	ECHA
	Fresh water				

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Bioaccumulative potential

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient (KOC)

Not available.

Not available.

Mobility

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container

Date of issue: 05/24/2019 Page:10/16 must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulation: UN Class	
14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
	N.O.S. (Zinc sulphate,)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.
Additional information Environmental hazards	: Yes.

Regulation: IMDG	
14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
	N.O.S. (Zinc sulphate,)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.
Additional information	
Marine pollutant	: Yes.
Emergency schedules (EmS)	: F-A, S-F

Regulation: IATA	
14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
	N.O.S. (Zinc sulphate,)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:11/16

14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.
Additional information Marine pollutant	: Yes.

Regulation: DOT Classification	
14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. ()
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	e e
14.4 Packing group	lli
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.
Additional information	
Marine pollutant	: Not available.

Regulation: TDG Class	
14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
	N.O.S. (Zinc sulphate,)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.
Regulations: 2.43-2.45 (Class 9), 2.7	ng sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods 7 (Marine pollutant mark) : Yes.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:12/16

IMSBC : Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to

Annex II of MARPOL and the

IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not

determined

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1); United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Sodium hydroxide

(Na(OH));

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants

(HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt	>= 3 - < 5	Immediate (acute) health hazard
(1:1)		ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name CAS number %

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:13/16

Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)	446-19-7 >= 3 - < 5
--------------------------------	---------------------

Supplier notification

Product name	CAS number	%
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)	7446-19-7	>= 3 - < 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.New Jersey: The following components are listed:

Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1) 1,2,3-Propanetriol

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)

1,2,3-Propanetriol

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.</u>

Inventory list

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. **EC INVENTORY (EINECS/ELINCS):** All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

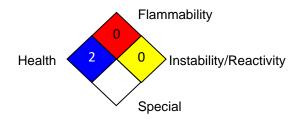
The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Chronic toxicity:

- -: No data available.
- *: Carcinogen, Target organs, Reproductive effects, Sensitizer to lungs

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:14/16



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification	
ulation method	
ulation method	

History

Date of printing : 02/26/2024

Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/24/2019

Date of previous issue : 00/00/0000

Revision comments: Information in the safety data sheet has been updated in the

following Sections: Section 2. Classification

Section 3. Composition and information of the ingredients of

the hazardous chemical

Version : 1.0

Prepared by : Yara Chemical Compliance (YCC).

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of

1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Key data sources : EU REACH IUCLID5 CSR.

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare, Reports and

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:15/16

Memoranda Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

Sphera Solutions Inc., 4777 Levy Street, St Laurent, Quebec HAR 2P9, Canada.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue : 05/24/2019 Page:16/16