Conforms: GHS (rev 7) (2017)

(This Safety Data Sheet conforms to the requirements of the Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200(g)), revised in 2012.) - United States

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 03/24/2025

Date of previous issue : 07/17/2024

Version : 4.1



SAFETY DATA SHEET

YaraVita B-MOLY

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : YaraVita B-MOLY

Product type : Liquid Product code : PYPCTL

<u>Uses</u>

Area of application : Professional applications

Material uses : Fertilizers.

Supplier

Supplier's details: Yara North America, Inc.

<u>Address</u>

Street: 100 North Tampa Street, Suite 3800

Postal code : 33602
City : TAMPA
Country : United States

Telephone number : +1 813 222 5700
Fax no. : +1 813 875 5735
e-mail address of person : yna-hesq@yara.com

responsible for this SDS

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation)

US: Chemtrec 24-hours Emergency Response: 1-800-424-

9300

Canada: 24 Hour Emergency Service, CHEMTREC 1-800-

424-9300

National advisory body/Poison Center

Name : The National Poisons Emergency number

Telephone number : 1 800 222 1222

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture.

: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

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GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and

eye/face protection.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood.

Response: P308 IF exposed or concerned:

P313 Get medical attention.

Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents and container

according to local regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Additional information : None.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Boric acid, compd. with 2-aminoethanol (1:3)	>= 50 - <= 65	26038-87-9
Phosphoric acid	>= 2.5 - <= 3	7664-38-2
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide, sodium salt (1:1)	>= 0.001 - <= 0.01	3811-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Remark: This product contains Boron (see section 7 and 11).

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Rinse with plenty of running water. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Avoid inhalation of vapor, spray or mist. If inhaled, remove to

fresh air. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

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Skin contact: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation

develops.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed

and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of

water to drink. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:No specific data.Inhalation:No specific data.Skin contact:No specific data.Ingestion:No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None identified.

Specific hazards arising from

the chemical

Hazardous thermal

decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the

container may burst.

Decomposition products may include the following materials: phosphorus oxides, metal oxide/oxides, Avoid breathing dusts, vapors or fumes from burning materials., In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be

delayed.

Special protective actions for

fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken

involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full

face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark : Non-flammable. Remark : Non-explosive.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep

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unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Estop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Not for human or animal consumption.

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. As a precaution, keep exposure as low as possible for pregnant women, children and workers in reproductive age. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8

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for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage.

Specific recommendations to end users

Do not generate and inhale liquid fertilizer aerosols.

In addition to overalls, gloves and eye protection, use of efficient respiratory protection (P2/P3 respirators with a tight face seal) during discharge of fertilizer bags and maintenance of equipment is recommended to minimize inhalation exposure and to ensure safe-use during this activity (see section 8).

Risk assessments show safe use during normal spreading of fertilizers containing below 5% of boron by tractor (liquid or granular) and backpack (liquid).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Boric acid, compd. with 2-	None.
aminoethanol (1:3)	
Phosphoric acid	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01). [Phosphoric acid]
	TWA 1 mg/m3
	STEL 3 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01). [Phosphoric acid]
	TWA 1 mg/m3
	STEL 3 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30). [Phosphoric acid]
	TWA 1 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01). [PHOSPHORIC ACID]
	TWA 1 mg/m3
	STEL 3 mg/m3
	CAL OSHA PEL (2018-05-16). [phosphoric acid]
	TWA 1 mg/m3
	STEL 3 mg/m3
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide,	None.
sodium salt (1:1)	

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

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Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: A washing facility or water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: Tightly-fitting goggles, Europe:, CEN: EN166.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm. It should be emphasized that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use respiratory protection with more than 94% efficiency (P2, P3 or N95) and a tight face seal, when risk of exposure to dust.

Personal protective equipment

(Pictograms)



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Yellow., Odor : Odorless.

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pH : 7 - 8 [Conc.: 1,000 g/l]

Melting point/freezing point : < -5 °C (< 23 °F)

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

> 100 °C (> 212 °F)

Flash point : Not applicable.

Flammability : Non-flammable.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : < 23 hPa Relative vapor density : < 1 [Air = 1]

Density : 1.29 g/cm3

Miscibility with water Partition coefficient: nMiscible in water.Not applicable.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not determined. Decomposition temperature : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic: < 100 mPa.s

Kinematic: < 75 mm2/s

Explosive properties : Non-explosive. **Oxidizing properties** : Non-oxidizer.

No oxidizing ingredients present.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this

product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid contamination by any source including metals, dust and

organic materials.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

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Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
name				
Boric acid, compd. with	2-aminoethanol (1:3)			
	OECD 420	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LD50 Oral			
	OECD 402	Rat	> 5,000 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LD50 Dermal			
Phosphoric acid				
	OECD 423	Rat	300 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LD50 Oral			
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide, sodium salt (1:1)				
	OECD 423	Rat	500 mg/kg	Not applicable.
	LD50 Oral			
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	0.5 mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	790 mg/kg	Not applicable.

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
Phosphoric acid	·			
	Primary dermal irritation index (PDII) Skin	Rabbit	Visible necrosis	1 h
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide,	sodium salt (1:1)	•		
	Eyes	Rabbit	Irritant	
	OECD 404 Skin	Rabbit	Irritant	

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Eyes : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Respiratory** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Method	Test detail	Result			
Boric acid, compd. with 2-aminoethanol (1:3)						
	OECD 476	Mammalian-Animal Experiment: In vitro	Negative			
	OECD 471	Bacteria	Negative			
		Experiment: In vitro				

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OECD 473	Mammalian-Human	Negative
	Experiment: In vitro	

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : May damage the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
name			
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide,	Category 1	-	nervous system
sodium salt (1:1)			

Aspiration hazard

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact:No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion:No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: No specific data.Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Method	Species	Result	Exposure	
Boric acid, compd. with 2-aminoethanol (1:3)					
	OECD 407 Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat	250 mg/kg	28 days	

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Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage the unborn child.

Effects on or via lactation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact:No specific data.Inhalation:No specific data.Skin contact:No specific data.Ingestion:No specific data.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
Phosphoric acid	500 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxide, sodium salt (1:1)	500 mg/kg	790 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	0.5 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredien	Method	Species	Result	Exposure
t name		-		-
Boric acid, compd. wi	th 2-aminoethanol (1	:3)		
	OECD 203	Fish	> 100 mg/l	96 h
	Acute LC50			
	Fresh water			
	OECD 202	Daphnia	423 mg/l	48 h
	Acute EC50			
	Fresh water			
	OECD 201	Algae	26 mg/l	72 h
	Acute EC50			
	Fresh water			
Phosphoric acid			•	_
	OECD 202	Daphnia	> 100 mg/l	48 h
	Acute EC50			
	Fresh water			
	OECD 201	Algae	> 100 mg/l	72 h
	Acute EC50			
	Fresh water			
2-Pyridinethiol, 1-oxid	de, sodium salt (1:1)			
	OECD 203	Fish	0.0066 mg/l	96 h
	Acute LC50			
	Fresh water			
	Acute EC50	Daphnia	0.022 mg/l	48 h
	Fresh water			
	Acute EC50	Algae	0.46 mg/l	96 h

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Fresh water

Conclusion/Summary: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Bioaccumulative potential

Conclusion/Summary : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Transport hazard class(es)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.
Packing group	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.

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Environmental	No.	No.	No.
hazards			

Additional information

<u>Special precautions for user</u>: Transport within user's premises: Ensure that persons

transporting the product know what to do in the event of

an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to

IMO instruments

Proper shipping

: Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not

name

determined

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 - Hazardous substances: Phosphoric acid;

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants

(HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals

(Essential Chemicals)

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

: Not listed

Chemicals : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Boric acid, compd. with 2-aminoethanol (1:3)	>= 50 - <= 65	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Phosphoric acid	>= 2.5 - <= 3	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1

State regulations

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Massachusetts: The following components are listed:

Phosphoric acid

New YorkNew JerseyNone of the components are listed.The following components are listed:

PHOSPHORIC ACIDPhosphoric acid
The following components are listed:

PHOSPHORIC ACIDPhosphoric acid

California Prop. 65

⚠ WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - <u>www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.</u>

Inventory list

Pennsylvania

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted. Australia inventory (AIIC): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted. **EC INVENTORY (EINECS/ELINCS):** All components are listed or exempted.

Canada: All components are listed or exempted. **Thailand:** All components are listed or exempted. **Viet Nam:** All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	0
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

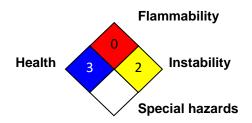
Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Chronic toxicity:

- -: No data available.
- *: Carcinogen, Target organs, Reproductive effects, Sensitizer to lungs

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method

History

Date of printing : 08/25/2025 Date of issue/Date of revision : 03/24/2025 Date of previous issue : 07/17/2024

Revision comments: The following section contains updated information: 1

Version : 4.1

Prepared by : Product Stewardship and Compliance (PSC).

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of

1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Key data sources : EU REACH ECHA/IUCLID5 CSR.

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, U.S. Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare, Reports and Memoranda Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical

Substances.

Sphera Solutions Inc., 4777 Levy Street, St Laurent, Quebec

HAR 2P9, Canada.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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